

POWERS LINE UP WITH AMERICA

Asquith's Speech Represents Their Attitude, Is Report.

WILSON HOPES FOR IT

London "Daily Telegraph" Stands Sponsor for the Unanimity.

MESSAGE BY PRESIDENT

It Is Said That He Will Make Statement in Few Days.

While Premier Asquith's speech in London has given encouragement to the Administration at Washington, the Government is hopeful of a further declaration from Great Britain giving support to the details of the United States policy in the Mexican situation. It is hoped also that other foreign Governments will declare themselves officially in accord with the Wilson Administration.

The London Daily Telegraph gives prominence to an article saying that Premier Asquith's speech really outlines the attitude of all the European Powers and that they are in accord with this Government.

If the Powers openly align themselves on the side of the United States and give Huerta no chance to get financial aid or the opinion of the Administration is that Huerta will be forced very quickly to abandon the Presidency.

Even with Huerta out of the dictatorship observers in Washington are forced to the conclusion that either intervention or the lifting of the embargo on arms along the border to give Carranza a better chance will be the logical outcome of the effort to restore law and order in Mexico.

The rebel attack on Tuxpan has been repulsed, but it is reported at Vera Cruz that a second onslaught is being made.

REPORTS ALL POWERS WITH U. S.

London "Daily Telegraph" Says Asquith Speech Is Representative.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Daily Telegraph gives prominence this morning to the statement that the policy of non-intervention by Great Britain in the Mexican situation outlined Monday night by Premier Asquith in his speech at the Guildhall is the policy of every other European Power.

WILSON WAITS ON POWERS

Hopes for Definite Statements From European Governments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The encouragement which this Government received from Premier Asquith's speech in London last night on the Mexican situation was very apparent here today.

It has led the Administration to hope for a further declaration in regard to the attitude toward this Government's policy not only from Great Britain but from the other important European Governments.

It was learned to-night that President Wilson plans to make a statement within a few days on the Mexican situation. No definite information was obtained as to the character of the statement, but it is believed it will set forth clearly what has been done by this Government and what its future policy is to be.

President Wilson is not putting himself in the attitude of seeking the cooperation of the European Powers, but he feels that if they voluntarily come forward in support of the programme of the United States for dealing with Huerta and Mexico a long step will have been taken toward a clearing of the situation.

MARKING TIME IN WASHINGTON.

The situation so far as Washington is concerned is now merely one of waiting to see whether or not the foreign Governments are to acquiesce in the plans of the United States Government, which include a flat refusal on the part of this Government to recognize any of the acts of Huerta or the Mexican Congress and a determination to insist upon the annihilation of the dictatorship.

If the foreign Governments lend their support to the United States in such a way that Huerta is convinced of their sincerity the Washington Administration believes his retirement will be only a question of a very brief time, owing to his failure to obtain further financial backing.

While Premier Asquith's speech brought encouragement to the Washington officials, it was apparent that no definite conclusions could be drawn from it as to the details of Great Britain's attitude toward this Government's policy.

Premier Asquith apparently refrained purposely from giving any definite pledges as to details. There was, for instance, no statement that the British Government will publicly endorse the stand taken by the United States in insisting that Huerta must go and in refusing to recognize his acts or the acts of the Congress about to convene.

On the other hand, the Asquith speech contains a distinct reminder that the United States will expect the United States to protect British life and property.

BRYAN TALKS; J. HAM RUNS.

Pindell Calls; President Sees Him; Nothing Results.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The selection of Henry M. Pindell of Peoria, the "original Wilson man" of Illinois for the Ambassadorship to St. Petersburg was the cause of extended discussion and much running about to-day by Secretary of State Bryan and Senator J. Ham Lewis of Illinois. The discussion was furnished by Mr. Bryan and the running about by Senator Lewis. The matter is also understood to have been the subject of a brief discussion in the Cabinet meeting.

The object of the discussion, Mr. Pindell, called today at the White House and upon the Secretary of State. In the early part of the day the understanding was that a definite decision would be reached in regard to Mr. Pindell's case, but after all the running about by Senator Lewis and Mr. Bryan's talk with the President nothing was done.

NEW TRANSATLANTIC LINE.

Ships to Run From Blackhead Bay, Ireland, to Boston.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The Times this morning announces the development of a new British transatlantic scheme to take the place of the projected Blackhead Bay-Canada steamship line which was abandoned owing to financial difficulties.

It is now proposed to run ships from Blackhead Bay on the coast of Ireland, to Halifax and to Boston. The capital is said to have been already raised here and in Boston and the work will be begun immediately in Ireland. The scheme involves a sea ferry to enable goods to be conveyed from England to Ireland in the same condition as they are shipped for the transatlantic trip.

FIRST NAVAL MOVE TO DEFEND PANAMA CANAL

Submarine Flotilla, Ordered South, Will Guard Pacific End.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The first step in the working out of the plan for the United States participation in the general scheme of defense for the Panama Canal was taken today.

Secretary Daniels ordered the first division of the submarine flotilla of the Atlantic fleet, consisting of submarines C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4 and C-5, and the converted monitor Ozark, tender of the division, to proceed from Guantanamo to Cristobal in the Canal Zone. The Ozark will accompany the submarines on the passage across the Caribbean.

The ultimate destination will be the Pacific end of the canal. As soon as the canal is opened to traffic the submarines will be run through and thereafter stationed permanently at Balboa. The Ozark, which will accompany the little squadron from Guantanamo to Cristobal, will shortly be relieved by the tender Severn, which will be the permanent escort of the submarines at Balboa.

LADY WARWICK A JOURNALIST.

Countess Will Edit Women's Page of the "Daily Sketch."

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Countess of Warwick has added journalism to her other interests and has accepted a position as editor of the women's page of the Daily Sketch.

The Countess of Warwick, who was known as the "Babbling Brook" of the Trambly Croft scandal, has sought various means of making money recently. Last year she came to the United States on a lecture tour, but her trip was not successful. She recently announced that she had made arrangements to write a series of moving picture dramas for a London firm.

SUBWAY BIDS REJECTED.

New Estimates to Be Asked on Section of Seventh Avenue Line.

The Public Service Commission rejected yesterday all bids submitted on October 1 for the construction of section 2 of routes 4 and 38 of the Seventh Avenue subway line. The chairman and secretary were authorized to advertise for bids to be opened on December 2.

The Thomas J. Buckley Engineering Company of 303 Fifth Avenue was the lowest bidder for the section, at \$3,023,492.75. The O'Rourke Construction Company was the next lowest bidder at \$3,144,773.75.

Chief Engineer Alfred Craven reported to the commission that in his judgment the Buckley company did not have the experience and the equipment necessary for the work, which is regarded as the most difficult of the entire Seventh Avenue line.

REPUBLICANS PLAN CONVENTION IN 1914

Law Committee Virtually Decides One May Be Called to Reorganize Party.

HUGHES IS MENTIONED

Suggested That He Return to New York and Train for Presidential Race.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—A decision here today by the law committee of the Republican national organization virtually assures the calling of a Republican nationwide convention some time next year. This, it is said, will be the first national convention ever held for any other purpose than to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President.

The law committee was created when the Republican executive committee met in Washington a few months ago to consider important legal questions in connection with certain reforms proposed for the reorganization of the party.

ALL CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PASSED

Unofficial Returns Indicate Approval of Changes by Small Vote.

ABRANT, Nov. 11.—Unofficial reports received in Albany in the past two days would indicate that the four amendments to the Constitution voted upon at the recent election had been carried. Voters did not pay much attention to amendments to the Constitution, and they are generally passed by the comparatively few who make a study of the questions.

The four amendments recently submitted to the electors were originally passed by the Legislature twice, with different Senates, and a majority vote in favor of them would authorize the amendment of the Constitution on January 1, 1914.

CONVENTION NEXT YEAR.

This decision, it is generally accepted among Republicans, will lead to the calling of a national convention maybe early in the spring or summer of next year in time to have its influence felt on the Congressional elections next fall for the purpose of taking steps to reorganize and rehabilitate the Republican party.

This call probably will provide for delegates to be chosen in the usual way, and selecting delegates for the Presidential convention, and this convention is expected to take up and deal with the question of changing the basis of representation.

MEMBERS OF LAW COMMITTEE.

Charles B. Warren of Michigan presided at the meeting today as chairman of the law committee. He held the proxy also of Senator Jones of Washington, who was unable to be present. The other members of the committee are Sherman Drucker, Ohio; James A. Fowler, Tennessee; Congressman James R. Mann, Illinois; and Roy C. West of Illinois. Those who were unable to be present are Senator Charles D. Hughes of New York, who was unable to be present. The other members of the committee are Sherman Drucker, Ohio; James A. Fowler, Tennessee; Congressman James R. Mann, Illinois; and Roy C. West of Illinois.

TALK OF HUGHES FOR PRESIDENT.

Coincident with the meeting to-day there was a little speculative gossip as to Presidential possibilities. The name of Charles E. Hughes, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, was again mentioned prominently. In fact there has been much talk going on quietly among Republicans for some time. The possibility has even been suggested of a movement to be organized in New York State for the purpose of urging Justice Hughes to return to that State and again stand for election as Governor for the purpose of finishing the program of legislative reforms.

UPSETS ILLINOIS LABOR LAW.

Judge Holds Compensation Act of 1911 Unconstitutional.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 11.—The workingmen's compensation act of 1911 was declared unconstitutional to-day by Judge Creighton in an opinion handed down in the case of Joseph Katcher against the Chicago, Wilmington and Vermilion Coal Company. The court held that the act was not passed in a constitutional manner.

The company had settled with Katcher for injuries he had received in the mine. Katcher was not satisfied with the settlement and brought this suit to test the constitutionality of the act.

"CIRCULAR JOE" VENDIG FREED.

Acquitted of Perjury Charge Growing Out of Taxicab Case.

Joseph H. Vendig, known in sporting circles as "Circular Joe," was acquitted yesterday of a charge of perjury. His indictment grew out of the taxicab investigation last May.

He is alleged to have sworn before the Grand Jury that he did not know the names of certain free riders of the Yellow Taxicab Company. It was shown that many persons were carried on the free list. They included policemen and other city officials.

Deerfoot Farm Manager. There is nothing more appetizing and delicious than a winter's breakfast. Try a 2-pound package of Deerfoot Farm Manager.

PULITZERS MUST PAY \$700,000.

Philharmonic Society Complied With Terms of Father's Will.

By a decree filed in the Supreme Court yesterday the executors and trustees under the will of Joseph Pulitzer are directed to pay \$700,000 to the New York Philharmonic Society immediately, with interest of 2 1/2 per cent since December 4, 1912.

The decree was entered on a decision by Phoenix Ingraham, referee in a proceeding brought by the Pulitzer trustees to determine whether or not the Philharmonic Society has complied with the terms of the will. Mr. Pulitzer originally left the society \$500,000, but in a codicil he left as an additional bequest to the society half of the income from the fund set aside for his sons Joseph and Herbert Pulitzer on condition that the society had a paying membership of over 1,000 within three years from his death. The trustees agreed to make a \$200,000 payment on account of this income in case the referee found that the society had fulfilled the terms.

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RESIDENCE NOT YET SETTLED.

Mr. Hughes is reported to say nothing further about the contents of the will or the plans of the executors for filing it for probate. It is believed that the executors for Mrs. Gates have not yet definitely as to whether the legal residence of her son, Henry R. Gates, New York or in Minnesota, and until this is done no petition for the probate of the will is to be filed. It is already anticipated that the inheritance tax officials of each of the States named will claim that Mr. Gates had a legal residence there in order to collect the bulk of the tax.

REPORTS NEW LAW IN PHYSICS.

Prof. Nipher Thinks It Will Revolutionize Power Machinery.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 11.—Francis E. Nipher, professor of physics at Washington University, discovered last night what he says is a new law in physics, which he thinks is likely to lead to great changes in the principles of construction of power machinery.

The alleged discovery is that on an incline of from 45 to 60 degrees more power is required to propel an object on the surface than would be required to lift it out of the water. The explanation, he said, lay in the difference between the resistance between the object and the surface and the resistance between the object and the water.

PINK PEARL FIGHT IN COURT.

Mrs. Venable's \$10,000 Gem Lightly Has Shrank, Says Dealer.

Mrs. Jules Venable appeared in the Supreme Court yesterday to defend a suit brought by Ludwig Nissen & Co., the jewellers, to recover a pink pearl valued at \$10,000, which, it is alleged, was stolen by J. Edward Block, the salesman who defrauded many jewelry firms and was sent to prison. The pearl disappeared in 1907 and the one owned by Mrs. Venable was bought several years later. She denies her pearl is the one stolen.

STEAMER HELD AT PIER, BUT STORM BEATS AMBULANCES.

The steamer Commonwealth of the Fall River Line was held at her pier half an hour after sailing time last night by the arrival on board of a baby boy.

The mother was Mrs. Mary Lawlor, 18 years old, of 188 Forest avenue, Flushing. Mrs. Lawlor spoke to a woman standing near her in the main saloon just as the crew was preparing to cast off for the trip up Sound. The word was spread and the men were driven out of the saloon.

NEGRO SLAYS DOCTOR'S WIFE.

Deaths Her From Home; Kills Himself Beside Her Body.

BAYON ROUGE, La., Nov. 11.—With the body of her negro slave lying dead beside her, Mrs. Alice Ehrlert, wife of the resident physician at Angola, La., was found murdered early today. The negro, Harry Harrett, who was a convict on the farm, had choked Mrs. Ehrlert to death and then killed himself.

The murder was probably committed during the night. How Mrs. Ehrlert was killed to the place of her death has not been determined and probably never will be known. Harrett is thought to have made his escape from his cell early in the evening at the time the convicts are released from their work and locked up for the night.

COLLIER SEEKS POLICE RECORD.

Publisher Wants It in Defence of Connors's \$100,000 Libel Suit.

BUFFALO, Nov. 11.—Justice Pound took under advisement to-day an application for a writ of mandamus directing Superintendent of Police Rekan to produce certain blotters of the Louisiana street police station for inspection by Robert J. Collier of the defendants in the \$100,000 libel suit brought by William J. Connors on account of an article in Collier's Weekly.

Assistant City Attorney Hurley argued that police blotters were not public records but were kept for the private information of the police department. The records sought cover the period of the Buffalo dock strike, in which Connors was the chief figure.

GATES MILLIONS TO MOTHER AND WIFE

They Share Equally Under Will in Estate Estimated at Near \$5,000,000.

REQUESTS TO TWO COUSINS

Henry R. Baker and Delfora F. Angell Each to Receive \$100,000.

The will of Charles G. Gates, who died suddenly at Cody, Wyo., on October 29, leaves the bulk of his estate in equal shares to his mother, Mrs. John W. Gates of the Plaza Hotel, and his wife, Florence Hopwood Gates. The value of the estate is estimated at between \$3,000,000 and \$5,000,000. Accordingly the two residuary legatees probably will inherit more than \$2,000,000 each.

The will was executed on August 2, 1912, and names Mrs. John W. Gates as sole executrix. Mrs. Gates authorized her attorney, A. L. Humes of Byrne & Cutcheon, to make public last night the following announcement concerning the principal provisions of the will.

ROCKEFELLER CAN'T BUY SEWER

North Tarrytown Refuses to Let Him Tap Its Drains.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 11.—John D. Rockefeller cannot connect his property at Pocantico Hills with the North Tarrytown sewer according to an opinion rendered by William G. Given, village counsel. Mr. Rockefeller recently erected a repair shop and he now comes under the jurisdiction of the factory laws. He must provide a sewer and he wants to drain his mansion and also that of his son. He could build a sewer to the river, but no doubt would be refused permission to dig up the village streets. He can erect a disposal works, but that would be expensive and unsightly on his estate. He faces a problem where dollars do not count.

PEANUT TRUST IS CHARGED.

Carolinians Say Prices Paid for Gobblers Were Forced Down.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Prominent North and South Carolinians notified the Department of Justice to-day that a trust exists among the peanut buyers of Smithfield and Norfolk, Va., and charged that these men have forced the purchasing price of gobblers held by farmers down from \$1.65 to \$1.15 a bushel and that they made 20 per cent profit last year.

The Department will investigate.

BABY BORN ON COMMONWEALTH.

Steamer Held at Pier, but Storm Beats Ambulances.

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LINER AGAIN AIDS IN RESCUE.

Rappahannock Helps Disabled South Point Boat to Port.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The steamer Rappahannock, which rescued nineteen passengers from the burning Volturo last month, has figured in another rescue at sea.

The Rappahannock was 750 miles west of Fastnet Light on November 4 when she picked up a wireless S. O. S. call from the steamer South Point, bound from Queenstown to Philadelphia. The South Point had broken the thrust block of her shaft and was unable to proceed. The Rappahannock turned back at once and went to the assistance of the disabled steamer, which she took in tow. The hawser, however, snapped and the tremendous seas made it impossible to renew the towage.

COLD CLEARS PARK BENCHES.

Municipal Lodging House Crowded for First Time This Season.

It was so cold and windy last night that for the first time this season there were no sleepers on the benches of the parks. And for the first time the Municipal Lodging House had more applications for beds than it could fill.

The lodging house has room for 700 persons. At midnight it was crowded and outside stood a line of fifty, including five women and four children. They were sent to the Department of Charities boat, the Thomas F. Brennan, at the foot of East Twenty-sixth street. It was warm there and the same meal was provided as in the Municipal Lodging House.

DR. COOK BESIEGES CONGRESS.

Wants an Inquiry Into Rival Claims for Polar Discovery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook announced on his arrival here to-day that he would ask Congress to investigate the conflicting claims of Dr. Admiral Peary and himself as to the discovery of the north pole and to determine who was the victor.

Dr. Cook intimated that he had assurances that a resolution will be introduced to authorize an inquiry. He avowed himself as willing to have the investigation conducted by the Naval Affairs Committee of either house.

MIXTER ARCTIC PARTY REPORTS.

Scientific Expedition Will Winter on Herschel Island.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—The first direct news from the Mixter scientific party on board the Polar Bear since the vessel rounded Point Barrow, Alaska, and sailed eastward on July 25 was received to-day by Thomas S. Lockwood in a despatch from his son. The message was sent from Circle, Alaska, yesterday and read thus:

"Expedition wintering Herschel Island. All well. Plenty supplies. Communication impossible."

The party, which is in charge of Capt. Louis Lane, is composed of these Harvard graduates: Samuel Mixter, Jr., Dunbar Lockwood, Elton S. Draper, Jr., John Heard and George S. Silsbee; also W. Sprague Brooks, representing the Harvard Zoological museum; John Dixon and Will E. Hudson.

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A commission will go to New York and take the deposition of the Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer, a witness for Collier, who is reported to be ill.

M'GUIRE ADMITS HENNESSY WIRE

Collapses After Confession Under the Strain of Graft Inquiry.

HEARING IS HALTED

Contractor's Condition Causes Whitman to Have Him Watched.

WOOD DISPUTES HENNESSY

Lobbyist Denies He Told of Cash Lent to Judge McCall to Get Judgeship.

Fear that George H. McGuire would collapse in the witness chair and that even more serious consequences might follow further questioning of him brought to a sudden termination yesterday the John Doe proceedings before Chief Magistrate McAdoo.

Before McGuire was called, Eugene D. Wood was examined. He admitted that he was a law student, but denied everything that John A. Hennessy testified to last week concerning him.

The session ended just after McGuire admitted that he wrote and sent the telegram which John A. Hennessy produced at the last hearing in support of his contention that McGuire was the man who furnished him with information about contractors who had been sandbagged for campaign contributions that never got into the campaign fund.

He was trying to stand by his previous assertion that notwithstanding the inferences to be drawn from the telegram he never had told Hennessy anything. It was apparent that he was suffering acute distress. He looked toward former United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise, whom he retained as counsel, and Mr. Wise went to his aid.

From the moment he took the stand it was clear that McGuire was in a precarious condition. The lines in his face had deepened and he was very pale. His voice could hardly be heard. His long fingers played across his lips, digging into the flesh again and again. He took out a handkerchief, rolled and twisted it in his hands, put it back into his pocket and then did the same thing over again many times. He shifted in his chair, his nervous movements accentuating his appearance of debility.

NEW DANGERS BESETTING HIM.

He knew when he took the stand that a typewriter expert had shown to the satisfaction of the Grand Jury that the disputed telegram had been written on a typewriter in McGuire's office. He knew that the Grand Jury was prepared to indict him for perjury in this particular matter. Also he knew that Henry P. Buehler, a Buffalo contractor, had been in conference with District Attorney Whitman. He had had a long talk with Mr. Whitman, during which it was made clear to him that unless he told the whole truth he was in imminent danger of being indicted.

His hands trembled as he held the telegram which Mr. Whitman handed him. It was the original copy of that received by Mr. Hennessy and read:

"STRAUSE, DENOR, N. Y. Oct. 27.—John A. Hennessy, ex-Union Campaign Committee, Lenox, N. Y., 100 Fifth Street and Lenox Avenue. Election here looks close because of Big Bull Moose vote. Important you make in speech tonight reference to William H. Kelly. When Everett Fowler came here in 1911 and 1912 he made his headquarters in Kelly's office and Kelly helped him hold up and shake down contractors on State work. In the McLean statements filed with Secretary of State Kelly's name appeared as putting up \$8,000, but he didn't put up eight cents of his own money. He also monopolized the road repair work and has big road contract upon which several important supervisors' graft payments have been allowed through Peck and Reed. Local papers will copy what you say in speech. You will know what to say for effect in local city election. Should be done immediately."

Mr. Whitman asked him if he wrote the telegram.

ADmits Writing Telegram.

"I have refreshed my memory," replied McGuire, "and I admit that I wrote it. 'Did you write it on a typewriter in your office?'"

"I did."

"Is that the typewriter?" asked the District Attorney, pointing to a machine on the stand.

"Yes," McGuire replied.

Mr. Whitman then reread the telegram and asked McGuire if any one was present when he wrote it. McGuire said he was alone in his office.

"Do you recall the conference you had with Mr. Hennessy at the Hotel Ives in '12?'"

"I do."

"Did Mr. Hennessy make any notes or prepare any manuscript on that occasion?"

"The testimony I gave on that matter is, I think, correct."

"Did you give Mr. Hennessy the names of any contractors who contributed to his campaign fund in 1910, 1911 or in 1912?"

Here the witness hesitated a long time. He became more nervous. The court room became so still that even a whisper could have been heard.

"As I recall," he said in a voice that was little more than a murmur, "the testimony that I gave on that matter before was correct."

"Did you give him the names of contractors who contributed?" asked Mr. Whitman again.

"I did not," said McGuire. "Hennessy mentioned the names and said he had heard that they had contributed."

"And what did you say?"

"The answer of the witness could not be heard six feet away."

The District Attorney's question was